2011 RECONVENED SESSION

REENROLLED

[H 1699]

1

VIRGINIA ACTS OF ASSEMBLY - CHAPTER

2 An Act to amend and reenact §§ 18.2-308.1:1, 18.2-308.1:2, 18.2-308.1:3, and 18.2-308.2:1 of the Code of Virginia, relating to restoration of firearm rights.

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Approved

6 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia:

7 1. That §§ 18.2-308.1:1, 18.2-308.1:2, 18.2-308.1:3, and 18.2-308.2:1 of the Code of Virginia are

8 amended and reenacted as follows:

9 § 18.2-308.1:1. Purchase, possession or transportation of firearms by persons acquitted by reason of 10 insanity; penalty; permit.

A. It shall be unlawful for any person acquitted by reason of insanity and committed to the custody 11 12 of the Commissioner of Behavioral Health and Developmental Services, pursuant to Chapter 11.1 13 (§ 19.2-182.2 et seq.) of Title 19.2, on a charge of treason, any felony or any offense punishable as a misdemeanor under Title 54.1 or a Class 1 or Class 2 misdemeanor under this title, except those 14 15 misdemeanor violations of (i) Article 2 (§ 18.2-266 et seq.) of Chapter 7 of this title, (ii) Article 2 (§ 18.2-415 et seq.) of Chapter 9 of this title, or (iii) § 18.2-119, or (iv) an ordinance of any county, 16 city, or town similar to the offenses specified in (i), (ii), or (iii), to knowingly and intentionally 17 18 purchase, possess, or transport any firearm. A violation of this section subsection shall be punishable as 19 a Class 1 misdemeanor.

20 B. Any person so acquitted may, upon discharge from the custody of the Commissioner, petition the 21 general district court in the city or county in which he resides for a permit to restore his right to purchase, possess or carry transport a firearm. A copy of the petition shall be mailed or delivered to the 22 23 attorney for the Commonwealth for the jurisdiction where the petition was filed who shall be entitled to 24 respond and represent the interests of the Commonwealth. The court shall conduct a hearing if requested 25 by either party. If the court determines that, after receiving and considering evidence concerning the 26 circumstances regarding the disability referred to in subsection A and the person's criminal history, 27 treatment record, and reputation are such as developed through character witness statements, testimony, 28 or other character evidence, that the person will not be likely to act in a manner dangerous to public 29 safety and that the granting of the relief would not be contrary to the public interest, the court shall 30 grant the petition. Any person denied relief by the general district court may petition the circuit court for 31 a de novo review of the denial. Upon a grant of relief in any court, the court shall enter a written order 32 granting the petition and issue a permit, in which event the provisions of subsection A do not apply. The clerk of court shall certify and forward forthwith to the Central Criminal Records Exchange, on a 33 34 form provided by the Exchange, a copy of any such order.

C. As used in this section, "treatment record" shall include copies of health records detailing the petitioner's psychiatric history, which shall include the records pertaining to the commitment or adjudication that is the subject of the request for relief pursuant to this section.

38 § 18.2-308.1:2. Purchase, possession or transportation of firearm by persons adjudicated legally
39 incompetent or mentally incapacitated; penalty.

A. It shall be unlawful for any person who has been adjudicated (i) legally incompetent pursuant to former § 37.1-128.02 or former § 37.1-134, (ii) mentally incapacitated pursuant to former § 37.1-128.1 or former § 37.1-132 or (iii) incapacitated pursuant to Chapter 10 (§ 37.2-1000 et seq.) of Title 37.2 and whose competency or capacity has not been restored pursuant to former § 37.1-134.1 or § 37.2-1012, to purchase, possess, or transport any firearm. A violation of this section subsection shall be punishable as a Class 1 misdemeanor.

46 B. Any person whose competency or capacity has been restored pursuant to former § 37.1-134.1 or 47 § 37.2-1012 may petition the general district court in the city or county in which he resides to restore 48 his right to purchase, possess or transport a firearm. A copy of the petition shall be mailed or delivered 49 to the attorney for the Commonwealth for the jurisdiction where the petition was filed who shall be 50 entitled to respond and represent the interests of the Commonwealth. The court shall conduct a hearing if requested by either party. If the court determines, after receiving and considering evidence concerning 51 the circumstances regarding the disability referred to in subsection A and the person's criminal history, 52 53 treatment record, and reputation as developed through character witness statements, testimony, or other 54 character evidence, that the person will not be likely to act in a manner dangerous to public safety and 55 that the granting of the relief would not be contrary to the public interest, the court shall grant the 56 petition. Any person denied relief by the general district court may petition the circuit court for a de

novo review of the denial. Upon a grant of relief in any court, the court shall enter a written order 57 58 granting the petition, in which event the provisions of subsection A do not apply. The clerk of court 59 shall certify and forward forthwith to the Central Criminal Records Exchange, on a form provided by 60 the Exchange, a copy of any such order.

61 C. As used in this section, "treatment record" shall include copies of health records detailing the 62 petitioner's psychiatric history, which shall include the records pertaining to the commitment or 63 adjudication that is the subject of the request for relief pursuant to this section.

64 § 18.2-308.1:3. Purchase, possession or transportation of firearm by persons involuntarily admitted or 65 ordered to outpatient treatment; penalty.

66 A. It shall be unlawful for any person involuntarily admitted to a facility or ordered to mandatory 67 outpatient treatment pursuant to § 19.2-169.2, involuntarily admitted to a facility or ordered to mandatory outpatient treatment as the result of a commitment hearing pursuant to Article 5 (§ 37.2-814 68 et seq.) of Chapter 8 of Title 37.2, or who was the subject of a temporary detention order pursuant to 69 § 37.2-809 and subsequently agreed to voluntary admission pursuant to § 37.2-805 to purchase, possess 70 or transport a firearm. A violation of this subsection shall be punishable as a Class 1 misdemeanor. 71

72 B. Any person prohibited from purchasing, possessing or transporting firearms under this section 73 may, at any time following his release from involuntary admission to a facility, his release from an 74 order of mandatory outpatient treatment, or his release from voluntary admission pursuant to § 37.2-805 75 following the issuance of a temporary detention order, petition the general district court in the city or 76 county in which he resides to restore his right to purchase, possess or transport a firearm. A copy of the 77 petition shall be mailed or delivered to the attorney for the Commonwealth for the jurisdiction where the 78 petition was filed who shall be entitled to respond and represent the interests of the Commonwealth. The 79 court shall conduct a hearing if requested by either party. If the court determines that, after receiving 80 and considering evidence concerning the circumstances regarding the disabilities referred to in subsection A and the person's criminal history, treatment record, and reputation are such as developed 81 82 through character witness statements, testimony, or other character evidence, that the person will not likely act in a manner dangerous to public safety and that granting the relief would not be contrary to 83 84 the public interest, the court shall grant the petition. Any person denied relief by the general district court may petition the circuit court for a de novo review of the denial. Upon a grant of relief in any 85 court, the court shall enter a written order granting the petition, in which event the provisions of 86 87 subsection A shall no longer do not apply. The clerk of court shall certify and forward forthwith to the 88 Central Criminal Records Exchange, on a form provided by the Exchange, a copy of any such order.

89 C. As used in this section, "treatment record" shall include copies of health records detailing the 90 petitioner's psychiatric history, which shall include the records pertaining to the commitment or 91 adjudication that is the subject of the request for relief pursuant to this section. 92

§ 18.2-308.2:1. Prohibiting the selling, etc., of firearms to certain persons.

93 Any person who sells, barters, gives or furnishes, or has in his possession or under his control with the intent of selling, bartering, giving or furnishing, any firearm to any person he knows is prohibited 94 from possessing or transporting a firearm pursuant to § 18.2-308.1:1, 18.2-308.2, subsection B of § 18.2-308.2:01, or § 18.2-308.7 shall be guilty of a Class 6 felony. However, this prohibition shall not 95 96 97 be applicable when the person convicted of the felony, adjudicated delinquent or acquitted by reason of 98 insanity has (i) been issued a permit pursuant to subsection C of § 18.2-308.2 or been granted relief 99 pursuant to subsection B of § 18.2-308.1:1, (ii) been pardoned or had his political disabilities removed in accordance with subsection B of § 18.2-308.2 or (iii) obtained a permit to ship, transport, possess or 100 101 receive firearms pursuant to the laws of the United States.